Alignment

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Voicing Assimilation in Dutch

(i)	Plosive [-vcd] p	Plosive [+vcd] d	➔	Plosive [+vcd] b	Plosive [+vcd] d
(ii)	Plosive [+vcd] d	Plosive [-vcd] p	➔	Plosive [-vcd] t	Plosive [+vcd] p

Voicing Assimilation in Dutch

Stop + Stop	➔	Regressive Voicing Assimilation
Fricative + Stop	➔	Regressive Voicing Assimilation
Stop + Fricative	➔	Voiceless Cluster
Fricative + Fricative	➔	Voiceless Cluster

Voicing Assimilation in Dutch

Input: p+d

	Agr([-son],[vcd])	$IDENT_{ONS}$ ([vcd])
p.d	*	
p.t		*!
☞ b.d		

Input: b+t

	Agr([-son],[vcd])	$IDENT_{ONS}$ ([vcd])
b.t	*	
b.d		*!
☞ p.t		

Voicing Assimilation in Dutch

Input: d+z

	Agr([-son],[vcd])	$\text{IDENT}_{\text{ONS}}$ ([vcd])
☞ d.z		
t.z	*!	
d.s	*!	*
☛ t.s		*!

Input: d+z

	*Obstr-Fric[+vcd]	Agr([-son],[vcd])	$\text{IDENT}_{\text{ONS}}$ ([vcd])
d.z	*!		
t.z	*!	*	
d.s		*!	*
☞ t.s			*

Voicing Assimilation in Dutch

Stop + Stop	➔	Regressive Voicing Assimilation
Fricative + Stop	➔	Regressive Voicing Assimilation
Stop + Fricative	➔	Voiceless Cluster
Fricative + Fricative	➔	Voiceless Cluster

NC-Conspiracy in Modern Greek

Input: pempo

		*NC	*m → Ø
	pempo	*!	
	pepo		*!
☞	pembo		

Input: epempsa

		*NC	*m → Ø
	epempsa	*!	
☛	epepsa		*!
☞	epembsa		

NC-Conspiracy in Modern Greek

Input: epempsa

	Agr([-son],[vcd])	*NC	*m → Ø
epempsa		*!	
☞ epepsa			*
epembsa	*!		

Input: epempsa

	Agr([-son],[vcd])	*NC	*m → Ø
epempsa		*!	
☛ epepsa			*!
epembsa	*!		
☞ epembza			

NC-Conspiracy in Modern Greek

Input: epempsa

		Agr([-son],[vcd])	*NC	*m → Ø
	epempsa		*!	
☛	epepsa			*!
	epembsa	*!		
☞	epembza			

Input: epempsa

		*Stop-Fric[+vcd]	Agr([-son],[vcd])	*NC	*m → Ø
	epempsa			*!	
☞	epepsa				*
	epembsa		*!		
	epembza	*!			

Definition of Generalized Alignment

Align (Cat1, Edge1, Cat2, Edge2) $=_{\text{def}}$

$\forall$ Cat 1 $\exists$ Cat2
such that Edge1 of Cat1 and Edge2 of Cat2 coincide.

Where

Cat1,Cat2 $\in$ PCat $\cup$ GCat

Edge1, Edge2 $\in$ Right, Left

Definition of Generalized Alignment

Align (Cat1, Edge1, Cat2, Edge2) $=_{def}$

Clause I:
For every Edge1 of Cat1
Count a violation for every x which intervenes
between Edge1 and the closest Edge2 of Cat2

Clause II:
Count a violation for every Edge1 of a Cat1
in a candidate without a Edge2 of a Cat2

Edges and Categories

Grammatical Word = [axtʊŋ]

Prosodic Word = [ʔaxtʊŋ]

Complete = [ʔ[axtʊŋ]]

Cat = GWord	Edge = Left	ʔ[axtʊŋ
Cat = GWord	Edge = Right	ʔaxtʊŋ]
Cat = PWord	Edge = Left	[ʔaxtʊŋ
Cat = PWord	Edge = Right	ʔaxtʊŋ]

Counting Violations: Clause I

Clause I:
For every Edge1 of Cat1
Count a violation for every x which intervenes between Edge1 and the closest Edge2 of Cat2

	Align (**PWord**, Left, **GWord**, Left)
[[axtʊŋ]]	
[ʔ[axtʊŋ]]	*
[ʔʔ[axtʊŋ]]	**
[ʔʔʔ[axtʊŋ]]	***

Counting Violations: Clause II

Clause II:
Count a violation for every Edge1 of a Cat1
in a candidate without a Edge2 of a Cat2

	Align (**PWord**, Left, **GWord**, Left)
[[axtʊŋ]]	
[axtʊŋ]	
[axtʊŋ]	*

Clause II and Reverting Arguments

	Align (**PWord**, Left, **GWord**, Left)
[[axtʊŋ]]	
[axtʊŋ]	
[axtʊŋ]	*

	Align (**GWord**, Left, **PWord**, Left)
[[axtʊŋ]]	
[axtʊŋ]	*
[axtʊŋ]	

Unexpected Effect of Clause I

Clause I:
For every Edge1 of Cat1
Count a violation for every x which intervenes
between Edge1 and the closest Edge2 of Cat2

	Align (**GWord**, Left, **PWord**, Left)
[[Hirn][Schwund]]	*
[[Hirn]]	
[[Schwund]]	

Reverting Arguments

Clause I:
For every Edge1 of Cat1
Count a violation for every x which intervenes
between Edge1 and the closest Edge2 of Cat2

	Align (**PWord**, Left, **GWord**, Left)
[[Hirn][Schwund]]	
[[Hirn]]	
[[Schwund]]	