

## **CURRICULUM VITAE**

**Prof. Dr. Stefan Schmukle**

### **Professional Positions**

since 04/2011

Professor of Personality Psychology and Psychological Assessment (W3), Wilhelm Wundt Institute for Psychology, Leipzig University

06/2019 Offer of a W3-professorship at University of Koblenz-Landau (rejected)

10/2008 - 03/2011

Professor of Psychological Assessment (W2), Institute for Psychology, Westfälische Wilhelms-University Münster

10/2005 - 09/2008

Research Assistant (C1), Institute for Psychology, Leipzig University

04/2003 - 09/2005

Research Assistant (C1), Institute for Psychology, Johannes Gutenberg-University Mainz

10/1998 - 03/2003

Research Assistant and PhD student, Institute for Psychology, Johannes Gutenberg-University Mainz

06/1998 - 09/1998

Research Assistant, Institute for Psychology, Johannes Gutenberg-University Mainz

### **Academic Education**

July 2008

Habilitation (venia legendi for psychology), Leipzig University

December 2002

PhD (Dr. phil.), Johannes Gutenberg-University Mainz

April 1998

Diploma in Psychology (Dipl. Psych.), Johannes Gutenberg-University Mainz

## **Selected Recent Publications**

Seifert, I. S., Rohrer, J. M., & Schmukle, S. C. (2024). Using within-person change in three large panel studies to estimate personality age trajectories. *Journal of Personality and Social Psychology*, 126(1), 150–174. <https://doi.org/10.1037/pspp0000482>

Mader, N., Arslan, R. C., Schmukle, S. C., & Rohrer, J. M. (2023). Emotional (in)stability: Neuroticism is associated with increased variability in negative emotion after all. *Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences (PNAS)*, 120(23), e2212154120. <https://doi.org/10.1073/pnas.2212154120>

Hommel, B. E., Wollang, F. M., Kotova, V., Zacher, H., & Schmukle, S. C. (2022). Transformer-based deep neural language modeling for construct-specific automatic item generation. *Psychometrika*, 87(2), 749-772. <https://doi.org/10.1007/s11336-021-09823-9>

Rohrer, J. M., Schmukle, S. C., & McElreath, R. (2022). The only thing that can stop bad causal inference is good causal inference. *Behavioral and Brain Sciences*, 45, e91. <https://doi.org/10.1017/S0140525X21000789>

Seifert, I. S., Rohrer, J. M., Egloff, B., & Schmukle, S. C. (2022). The development of the rank-order stability of the Big Five across the life span. *Journal of Personality and Social Psychology*, 122(5), 920-941. <https://doi.org/10.1037/pspp0000398>

Rohrer, J. M., Tierney, W., Uhlmann, E. L., DeBruine, L.M., Heyman, T., Jones, B., Schmukle, S. C., Silberzahn, R., Willén, R. M., Carlsson, R., Lucas, R. E., Strand, J., Vazire, S., Witt, J. K., Zentall, T. R., Chabris, C. F., & Yarkoni, T. (2021). Putting the self in self-correction: Findings from the loss-of-confidence project. *Perspectives on Psychological Science*, 16(6), 1255-1269. <https://doi.org/10.1177/1745691620964106>

Schmukle S. C. & Egloff, B. (2020). New replication attempts provide no evidence that inequality moderates the effect of income on generosity. *Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences (PNAS)*, 117(16), 8698-8699. <https://doi.org/10.1073/pnas.2000311117>

Schmukle S. C., Korndörfer, M., & Egloff, B. (2019). No evidence that economic inequality moderates the effect of income on generosity. *Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences (PNAS)*, 116, 9790-9795. <https://doi.org/10.1073/pnas.1807942116>