

An Infection Analysis of Across-the-Board Lowering in Jumjum

Jochen Trommer

jtrommer@uni-leipzig.de

Leipzig University
Institut für Linguistik

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Intro

Utterance-final Lowering

(p.151)

[d̥é:ŋ ^{˧˥}jén ?ôŋ] ‘cow of the man’

H-tone noun

[d̥é:ŋ %] ‘cow’

[jà:n jén ?ôŋ] ‘bull of the man’

L-tone noun

[jà:n %] ‘bull’

Iterative Utterance-final Lowering

(p.153)

[?ìkè	pí:tì	mùk:ìnì %]	'He is sowing maize'
?ìkè	pí:t-í	mók:í-ní	
3SG	sow:AP-3SG	maize-PL	

[?ìkè	má:jč	kùpkènè %]	'He opened for Määjo'
?ìkè	má:jč	kúp-k-én-é	
3SG	Määjo	open-BEN-PST-3SG>3	

Utterance-initial Utterance-final Lowering

(p.153)

[**Ièŋ** **ùlànŋ** %] 'The axe is black'
Iéŋ úl-áŋ
axe:SG be:black-3SG

[**tòŋ** **ùlànŋ** %] 'The spear is black'
tóŋ úl-áŋ
spear:SG be:black-3SG

Null Assumption

Final Lowering realizes a L boundary tone

The Across-the-Board Problem

- ▶ **If lowering is due to a L-boundary tone:**
Why should it spread leftwards
if Jumjum doesn't have L-spreading elsewhere?

- ▶ **If lowering is due to deletion of a final fused H:**
How can we capture postlexical rule ordering?
(H-tone coalescence \sim H-deletion)

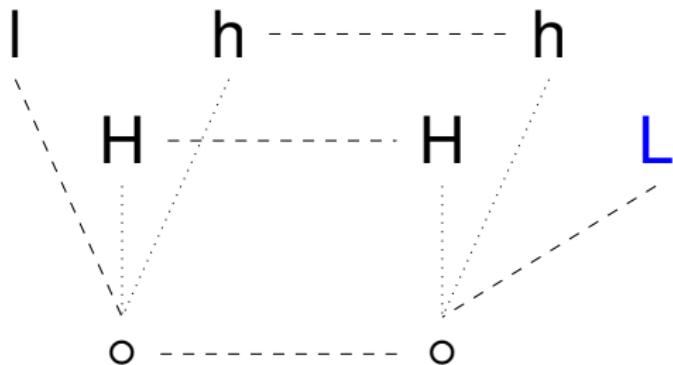
(cf. Clark 1990 on Igbo)

Proposal in this Talk

- ▶ The lowering boundary tone is a **subtonal** feature – a melody **L** in the feature geometry of Snider (1999) which ‘infects’ utterance-final H tones
- ▶ Opaque interaction of H-fusion and lowering is captured via simultaneous **infection** and coalescence in Containment Theory (Trommer and Zimmermann 2014)
- ▶ This also accounts for the opaque interaction of final lowering with other phrase-level processes

(cf. Inkelas and Leben 1990 on Hausa)

Proposal: Simultaneous Infection + Fusion

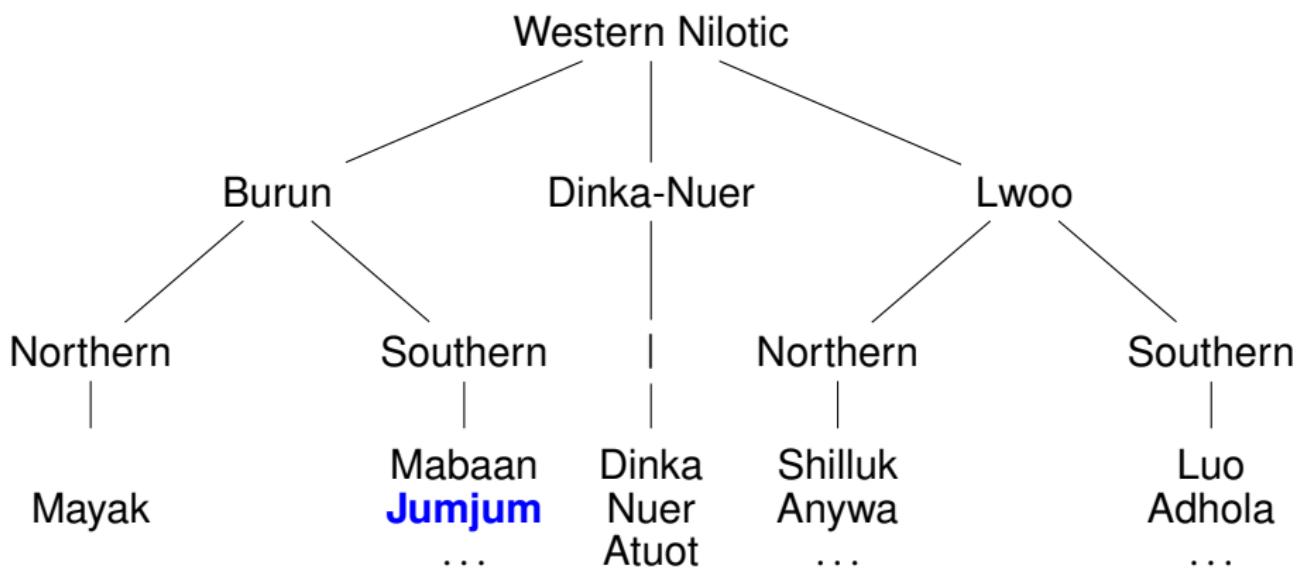


Jumjum

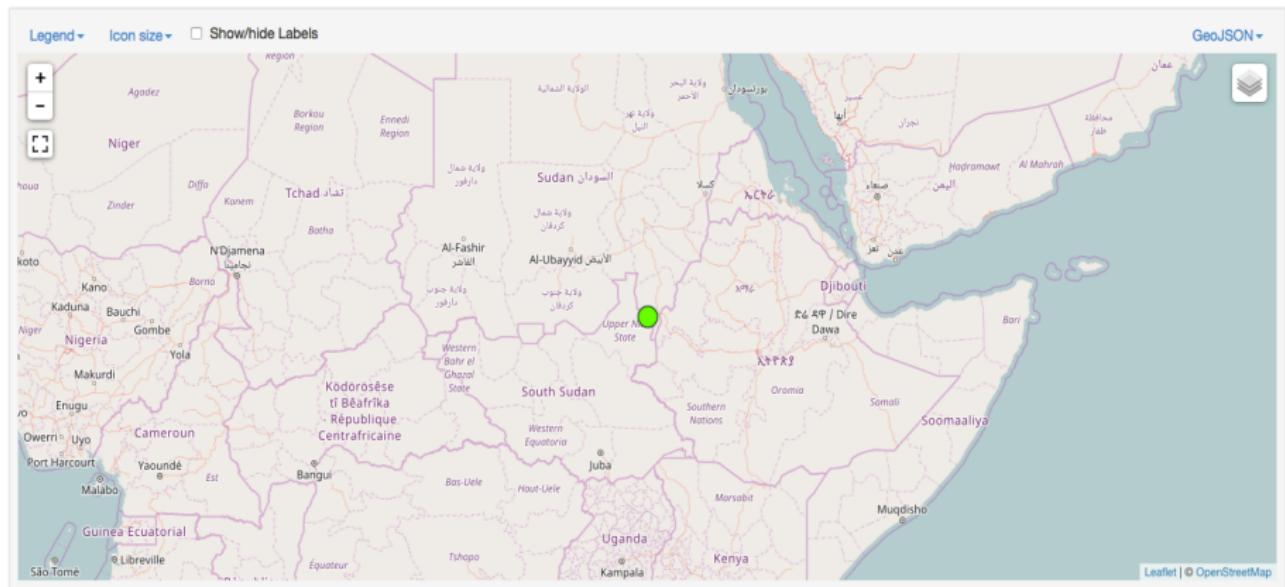
Jumjum

- ▶ Western Nilotic language of the Southern Burun branch spoken in the Blue Nile province of South Sudan
- ▶ Rich non-concatenative morphology, but also suffixation
- ▶ All data in this talk from the detailed paper by Andersen (2004)

Western Nilotic Languages



Jumjum



More Phrase-Level Processes

More Phrase-Level Processes

- ▶ H-Tone Spreading
- ▶ H-Tone Spreading + Final Lowering
- ▶ Falling Tone Simplification

H-Tone Spreading

(p.154)

[?ìkè	kìt ^{tá}	⁺ dí:k	jà:kò]
?ìkè	kìt-t-á	dì:k	já:-k-ó
3SG	steal-AP-PST-3	goat:PL	PRO-PL-1PL

'He stole our goats'

[?ámí	⁺ ká	gôŋ]
?ám-í	ká	gôŋ
eat-PST3>3SG	PREP	dog:SG

'It has been eaten by the dog'

H-Tone Spreading + Final Lowering

(p.155)

[?ìkà	bí	tú+wû]	'I shall die'
?ìkà	bí	túwù	
1SG	FUT	die-1SG	

[tí +ŋál]		'sand'
-----------	--	--------

[tí +ŋál	jèk	?ô:n]	'the man's sand'
tíŋál	jè-k	?ô:n	
sand	PRO-PL:AG	man:SG	

Fall Simplification

(p.156)

[kʌŋ] ‘hunger’

[κάνη]	jèn	?ɔ:n]	'the man's hunger'
κᾶνη	jè-n	?ɔ:n	
hunger	PRO-SG:AG	man:SG	

[?ikô:n] ‘we’

[?íkó:n]	+?ám̄n]	'We will eat'
?íkó:n	?ám̄-ón	
1PLEX	eat:AP-1PLEX	

Monosyllabic Nouns

(p.151)

	Underlying	Framed	Isolation		
/L/	/jà:n/	[jà:n jèn ?ô:n]	[jà:n]	[L]	'bull'
/H/	/dέ:ŋ/	[dέ:ŋ + jén ?ô:n]	[dέ:ŋ]	[L]	'cow'
/HL/	/tó:n/	[tó:n jèn ?ô:n]	[tó:n]	[HL]	'cock'

Disyllabic Nouns

(p.151)

	Underlying	Framed	Isolation		
/LL/	/bè:lgλ/	[bè:lgλ jèk ?ɔn]	[bè:lgλ]	[LL]	'canes'
/HH/	/túdgú/	[túdgú +jék ?ɔn]	[túdgú]	[LL]	'cocks'
/LH/	/dìŋ:á/	[dìŋ:á +jén ?ɔn]	[dìŋ:á]	[LL]	'pestle'
/HL/	/wíllλ/	[wíl [†] lá jèn ?ɔn]	[wíl [†] lá]	[HH [†] L]	'guests'
/H [†] LL/	/kû:rà/	[kú:rà jèn ?ɔn]	[kú:rà]	[HL]	'ball'
/H [†] LH/	/mérká/	[mér [†] ká +jék ?ɔn]	[mérká]	[HL]	'children'

Opacity

Final Lowering Counterbleeds Fusion

(p.153)

[**Iéŋ** **ùlàn** %] ‘The axe is black’
Iéŋ úl-áŋ
axe:SG be:black-3SG

[***Iéŋ** **ùlàn** %]

Underlying Final L-Tones don't spread

(p.153)

[?ìkì	dλ:mλ	lɛn]	'You are looking at an axe'
?ìkì	dλ:m-λ	lén	
2SG	look:at:AP-2SG	axe	

[?ìkì	dλ:mλ	kìp*]	'You are looking at a bee'
?ìkì	dλ:m-λ	kìp	
2SG	look:at:AP-2SG	bee	

*[?ìkì **dλ:mλ** **kìp**]

("Non-derived Environment Blocking")

Fall Simplification Counterfeeds H-Spreading (p.156)

[?**ó:n** bì:c:àn já:n tòrdè]
?ó:n bì:c:àn jâ:n tòr-d-é
man:SG rootSG:AG tree:SG pull-M-3SG>3
'The man is pulling the tree's root.'

*[?**ó:n** ***bí:c:àn** já:n tòrdè]

Non-Iterativity of H-Tone Spreading

[?ìkè	bùggé	ʳké	tí rʳké	wènòk]
?ìkè	bùg-g-é	ké	tí r ké	wènòk
3SG	arm-PL-3SG	COM	leg-PL-3SG	swell-M:3

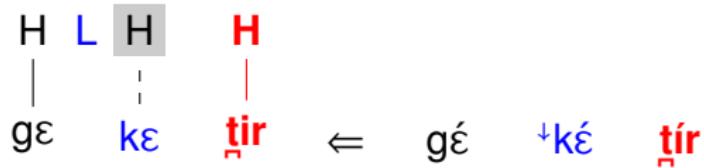
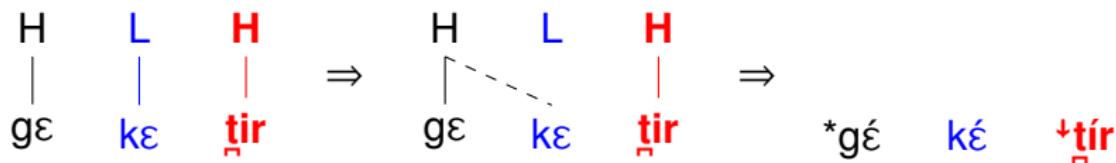
'His arms and legs swell'

[Páŋ]	⁺ bát _à	?à	?òt̪òn]
?áŋ	bát _à	?à	?ót̪-ón
and	not	be:3	sleep-PTC

‘But he is not sleeping’

*[**?án** **+bát+tá** **+?á** **+?ó+tôn**]

Downstep Displacement



Theoretical Assumptions

Theoretical Assumptions

- ▶ Autosegmental Containment & Generalized Markedness Constraints

(Trommer and Zimmermann 2014)

- ▶ Tonal Feature Geometry (Snider 1999)

- ▶ The Lateral Theory of Coalescence (Trommer 2016)

Containment & Generalized Markedness Constraints

- ▶ **Autosegmental Containment:** (extending Prince & Smolensky 1993)
Underlying material
is never literally deleted, but retained in the output,
(but may be marked as phonetically invisible).

- ▶ **Constraint Cloning:** (cf. Cloning in Correspondence Theory, McCarthy & Prince 1995)
All markedness constraints are assumed to exist in two versions,
one referring only to phonetically visible material,
and one to all material in a given structure.

Representation of Association Lines

(Trommer and Zimmermann 2014)

Morphological association lines		Epenthetic association lines
phonetically visible:	phonetically invisible:	phonetically visible:
X Y	X Y	X Y

Axiom of Phonetic Visibility (Trommer and Zimmermann 2014)

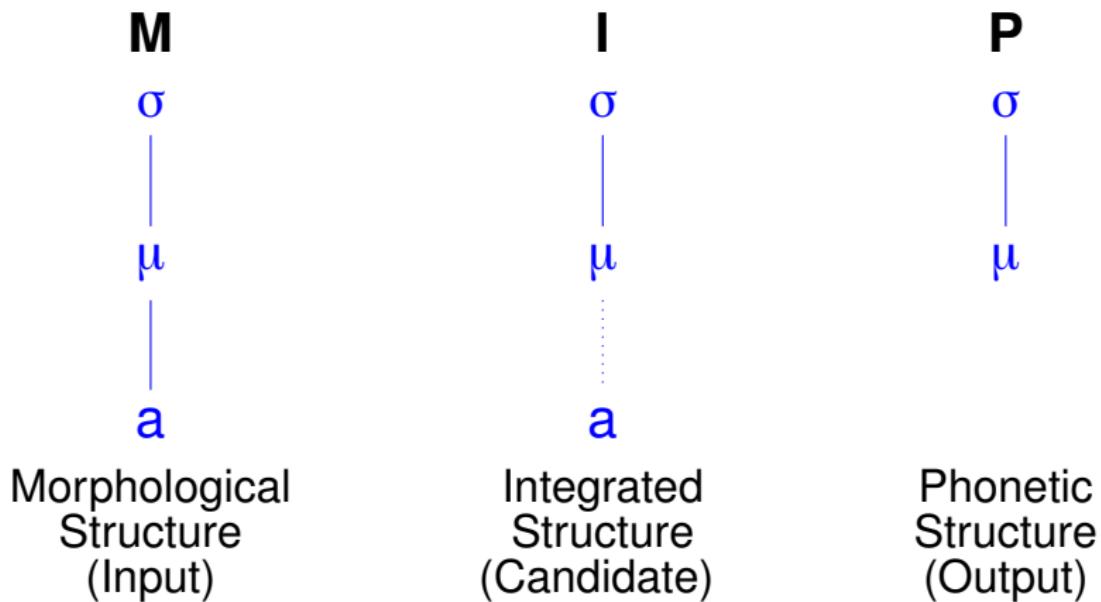
A phonological node is visible to phonetics

if and only if

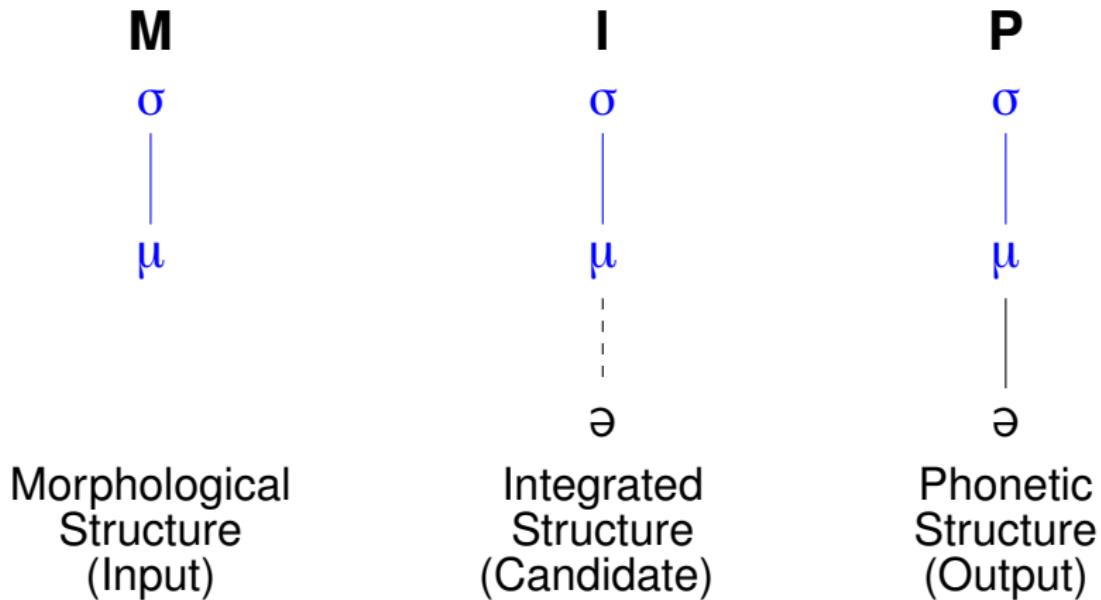
it is dominated by the designated ancestor node of the structure

through an uninterrupted path of phonetic association lines

Deletion



Epenthesis



Generalized Markedness (the Cloning Hypothesis)

Every markedness constraint exists in 2 incarnations:

The **general clone** refers to all structure in I

The **phonetic clone** refers only to structure in P

(cf. Cloning in Correspondence Theory, McCarthy & Prince 1995)

Generalized Markedness

OCP Assign * to every pair of adjacent H-tones in **P**

OCP Assign * to every pair of adjacent H-tones in **I**

	<u>OCP</u>			<u>OCP</u>
a.	mat	wi	ni	
a.	H	L	H	
b.	mat	wi	ni	*
b.	H	L	H	
c.	dep	ke	re	*
c.	H	H		*

Central Consequence

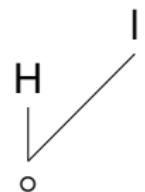
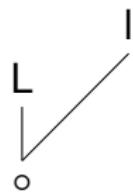
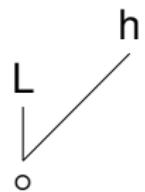
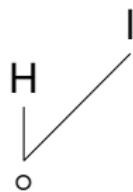
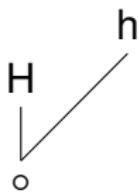
In contrast to Correspondence Theory

phonetically ‘deleted’ material can still have (opaque)

phonological effects in phonological surface representations

Tone in Register Tier Theory

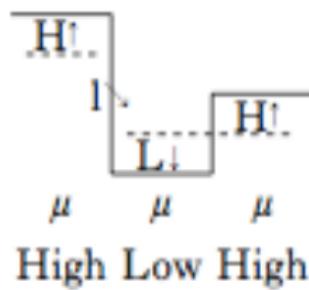
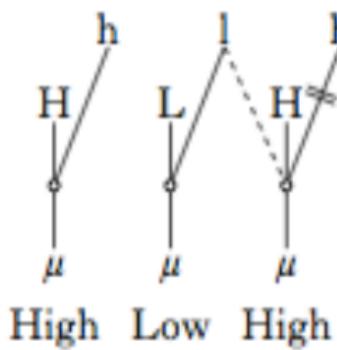
(Snider 1999)

High**Mid₁****Mid₂****Low****Downstepped
High**

Representation of Downstep in Snider (1999)

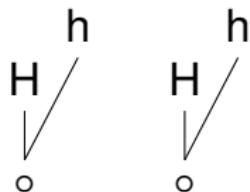
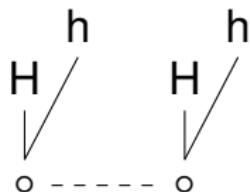
Downstepped High (automatic)

- a. *structural representation*
- b. *phonetic representation*



The Lateral Theory of Coalescence

(Trommer 2016)

Phonology**Phonetics** \approx HH  \approx H

The Lateral Theory of Coalescence

(Trommer 2016)

Two laterally associated nodes are evaluated as identical

by phonological constraints on phonetic representations (**P**)

and by phonetic spellout

Analysis

Constraints on H-Spread and Downstep

- H▷ Assign * to every syllable intervening between the rightmost anchor of a H-melody tone and the closest right Utterance edge in **I**

- *H:: Assign * to every epenthetic association line of a H-melody tone which is right-adjacent to another epenthetic association line of the same H-melody tone in **I**

- MAX I Assign * to every I register tone which is in **M** but not in **P**

Constraints on L- Association and Coalescence

L Assign * to every melody L
↓ which is not associated to a tonal root node in **I**

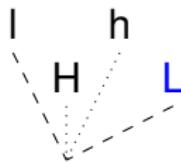
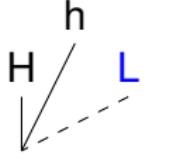
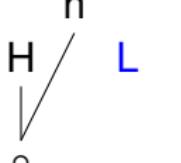
*L_o{h,H} Assign * to every tonal root node which is associated to a L-melody node and a t the same time to a h-register or H-melody node in **P**

OCP_H Assign * to every pair of adjacent H-melody, h-register, and o-nodes which form part of a H-tone (i.e. of a o associated to h and H) in I

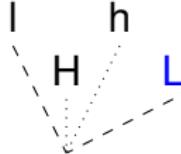
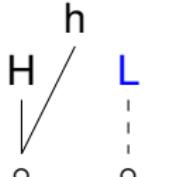
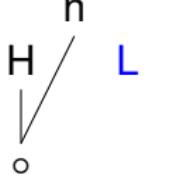
Constraints on Contour Tones

*ôσ Assign * to every HL contour which is not PWord-final in **P**

Simple Utterance-Final Lowering: dé:h+L → dè:h

Input: = c.	L ↓ o	OCP _H	*L _O {h,H}	DEP o	FAITH
 a.					****
 b.			*!*		*
 c.	*!				

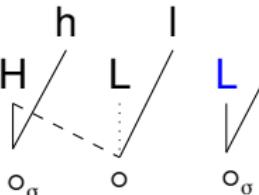
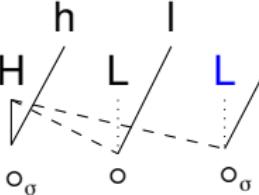
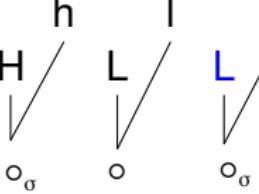
Simple Utterance-Final Lowering: dē:ŋ+L → dè:ŋ

Input: = c.	L ↓ o	OCP _H	*L _O {h,H}	DEP o	FAITH
a. 					****
b. 				*!	*
c. 	*!				

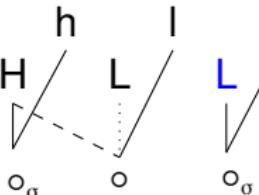
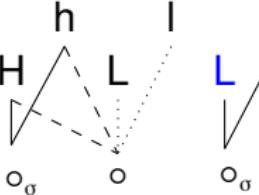
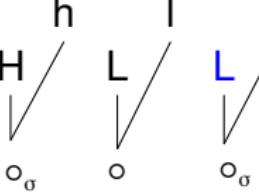
Iterative Utterance-Final Lowering: úlán̥+L → úlàn̥

Input: = c.	$L \downarrow$ \circ OCP _H $*L_o\{h,H\}$	DEP \circ	FAITH
 a.			$*$ 7
 b.		$*!*$	$*$ 4
 c.	$*!$		

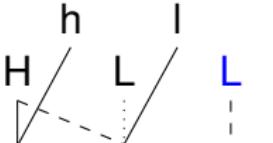
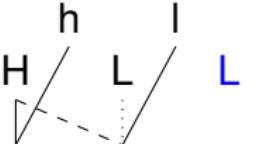
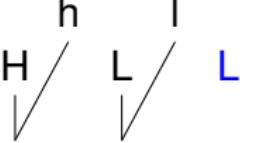
H-Spread \sim Downstep: wíllà jèn \rightarrow wíl[↓]lá jèn

Input: = c.	*H ₀₀	*Lo{h,H}	H▷	DEP o	FAITH
a. 			*		**
b. 		*!			****
c. 			**!		

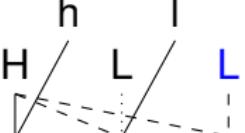
H-Spread \sim Downstep: wíllà jèn \rightarrow wíl[↓]lá jèn

Input: = c.	*H ₀₀	*Lo{h,H}	H▷	DEP o	FAITH
a. 		*			**
b. 		*			***!
c. 			**!		

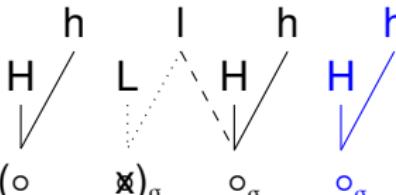
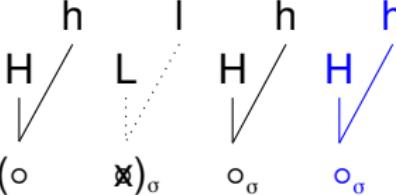
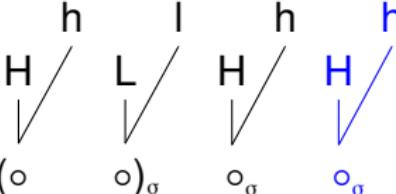
H-Spread + Boundary-L: wílā+L → wí[↓]lâ

Input: = c.	L ↓ o	*H::	*Lo{h,H}	H▷	DEP o	FAITH
a. 					*	**
b. 		*!				*
c. 		*!			*	

H-Spread + Boundary-L: wílā+L → wí[↓]lâ

Input: = ○	L ↓ ○	*H: *Lo{h,H}	<u></u>	H>	DEP ○	FAITH
 a. $\sigma_\sigma \quad (\sigma \quad \sigma)_\sigma$					*	***
 b. $\sigma_\sigma \quad \sigma_\sigma$			*!			***
 c. $\sigma_\sigma \quad (\sigma \quad \sigma)_\sigma$		*! *!				****

F-Simplification \leadsto Downstep: mérká+jék \rightarrow mér[†]ká+jék

Input: = c.	MAX I	L ↓ o	* <u>óσ</u>	H▷	DEP o	FAITH
 a. (o ó) _σ				*		****
 b. (o ó) _σ		*!				***
 c. (o ó) _σ			*!	*		

Fall Simplification ↗ H-Spreading: kû:rà+L → kú:rà

Input: = c.	*H::	L ↓ o	* <u>σ</u>	H▷	DEP o	FAITH
 a. $(\textcircled{o} \quad \textcircled{\textbf{x}})_\sigma \quad \textcircled{o}_\sigma$				*		**
 b. $(\textcircled{o} \quad \textcircled{o})_\sigma \quad (\textcircled{o} \quad \textcircled{o})_\sigma$	*!				*	***
 c. $(\textcircled{o} \quad \textcircled{o})_\sigma \quad \textcircled{o}_\sigma$		*! *!		*		

Summary – Solved Problems

- ▶ **Downstep *before* not *after* target of H-spreading:**
Survival of register-I \leftarrow Feature Geometry
- ▶ **Boundary-L spreads, other Ls don't:**
L doesn't spread but infects fused H's \leftarrow Feature Geometry
- ▶ **Final Lowering counterbleeds Fusion:**
Generalized OCP fuses also lowered H's \leftarrow Containment
- ▶ **Non-Iterativity of H-Spreading & Fall Simplification counterfeeds H-Spreading:**
 $*H:: \leftarrow$ Containment

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Overview

Introduction

Utterance-final Lowering

Jumjum

More Phrase-Level Processes

Opacity

Theoretical Assumptions

Analysis

Summary