# Exercises for Experimental Physics 3 - IPSP <br> Prof. Dr. J. Käs, Dr. M. Zink <br> Exercise Sheet 8 (WS 2012/13) 

Date of Issue to Students: Nov. $30^{\text {th }} 2012$
Date of Submission: Dec. $7^{\text {th }} 2012$

Submission Place: Marked mailbox next to room 302 (Linnestr. 5)
Submission Time: 11:00 a.m. at the submission day noted above
Please note: Write your name and matriculation number on EACH sheet of paper. Only submit the calculations and results for exercise $1-3$, exercise 4 will be discussed during the instruction classes.

## Exercises:

1. A ray of light begins at the point $(-2.00 \mathrm{~m}, 2.00 \mathrm{~m}, 0.00 \mathrm{~m})$, strikes a mirror in the $y=0$ plane at some point ( $x, 0,0$ ), and reflects through the point $(2.00 \mathrm{~m}, 6.00 \mathrm{~m}, 0.00 \mathrm{~m})$.
(a) Find the value of $x$ that makes the total distance traveled by the ray a minimum.
(b) What is the angle of incidence on the reflecting plane? (c) What is the angle of reflection?
(8 Points)
2. To produce a polarized laser beam a plate of transparent material, (Figure 1 ) is placed in the laser cavity and oriented so the light strikes it at the polarizing angle. Such a plate is called a Brewster window. Show that if $\theta_{P 1}$ is the polarizing angle for the $n_{1}$ to $n_{2}$ interface, then $\theta_{P 2}$ is the polarizing angle for the $n_{2}$ to $n_{1}$ interface. (7 Points)
3. A light ray passes through a prism with an apex angle of $\alpha$, as shown in Figure 2. The ray and the bisector of the apex angle bisect at right angles. Show that the angle of deviation $\delta$ is related to the apex angle and the index of refraction of the prism material by $\sin \left[\frac{1}{2}(\alpha+\delta)\right]=n \sin \left(\frac{1}{2} \alpha\right) .(5$ Points)
4. Show that the angle of deviation $\delta$ is a minimum if the angle of incidence is such that the ray and the bisector of the apex angle $\alpha$ (Figure 2) intersect at right angles.


Figure 1: Exercise 2


Figure 2: Exercise 3 and 4

