
Quantum Field Theory of Many-Particle Systems - Problem Set

13

Winter Term 2011/12

Internet: You can download this problem set at <http://www.uni-leipzig.de/~rosenow>.

17. Flux quantization

6+6 Punkte

In the high temperature (static) limit, the action of a long wave length excitation of the order parameter phase θ (we parametrize $\Delta(\mathbf{r}) = \Delta_0 e^{2i\theta(\mathbf{r})}$) in the presence of a vector potential \mathbf{A} is

$$\frac{\beta}{2} \int d^d r \left[\frac{n_s}{m} (\hbar \nabla \theta - e_0 \mathbf{A})^2 + \frac{1}{\mu_0} (\nabla \times \mathbf{A})^2 \right] .$$

Here, $-e_0$ and m are the electron charge and mass, n_s is the superfluid density, and μ_0 the vacuum permeability.

- a) By minimizing the above action, derive the equations satisfied by θ and A . Show that these equations are consistent with the identification of the gauge invariant (i.e. physical) current as

$$\mathbf{j} = \frac{e_0 n_s}{m} (\hbar \nabla \theta - e_0 \mathbf{A}) .$$

In terms of this current, your equations should be

$$\begin{aligned} \nabla \cdot \mathbf{j} &= 0 \\ \nabla \times (\nabla \times \mathbf{A}) &= \mu_0 \mathbf{j} \end{aligned}$$

The first equation is the continuity equation expressing charge conservation, the second equation is Ampere's law.

- b) Now we consider the properties of a vortex configuration in θ . We consider a cylindrical sample with a hole running through the center. Assume now that the phase winds around by $-\pi$ (such that the order parameter $\propto e^{2i\theta}$ stays single valued) on going once around a loop that encircles the hole, i.e.

$$\int_{\mathcal{C}} d\mathbf{l} \cdot \nabla \theta = \pi ,$$

where the integral is taken along the loop \mathcal{C} . Due to the Meissner effect, the magnetic field will extend only a distance λ from the edge of the hole into the superconductor. Deep inside the superconductor, the current will be zero. Show that this implies that there is a magnetic flux $\frac{h}{2e_0}$ associated with this vortex.